## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DIVISION

Petitioner,

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CASE NO. 2:17-CV-13498 HONORABLE NANCY G. EDMUNDS

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Respondent.	
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## OPINION AND ORDER DISMISSING THE PETITION FOR A WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS AND DENYING A CERTIFICATE OF APPEALABILITY

The Court has before it Michigan prisoner Damontay Harvey's *pro* se petition for a writ of habeas corpus filed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. Petitioner did not pay the required \$5.00 filing fee when he instituted this action, nor did he submit an application to proceed *in forma pauperis*. See 28 U.S.C. § 1914(a); 28 U.S.C. § 1915; Rule 3 of the Rules Governing § 2254 Cases. The Court, therefore, issued a deficiency order on October 31, 2017 requiring Petitioner to either pay the filing fee or submit a properly completed *in forma pauperis* application. The order provided that if he did not do so within 21 days, his case would be dismissed. The time for submitting the filing fee or required information has elapsed and Petitioner has failed to correct the deficiency.

Accordingly, the Court **DISMISSES WITHOUT PREJUDICE** the petition for a writ of habeas corpus. The Court makes no determination as to the merits of the petition. This case is **CLOSED**. Should Petitioner wish to seek federal habeas relief, he must file a new

habeas case with payment of the filing fee or an in forma pauperis application. This case

will not be reopened.

Before Petitioner may appeal the Court's decision, a certificate of appealability must

issue. See 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(1)(a); Fed. R. App. P. 22(b). A certificate of appealability

may issue "only if the applicant has made a substantial showing of the denial of a

constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2). When a court denies relief on procedural

grounds without addressing the merits of a habeas petition, a certificate of appealability

should issue if it is shown that jurists of reason would find it debatable whether the

petitioner states a valid claim of the denial of a constitutional right and that jurists of reason

would find it debatable whether the court was correct in its procedural ruling. Slack v.

McDaniel, 529 U.S. 473, 484-85 (2000). Reasonable jurists could not debate the

correctness of the Court's procedural ruling. Accordingly, the Court **DENIES** a certificate

of appealability.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/ Nancy G. Edmunds\_

NANCY G. EDMUNDS

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

Dated: November 30, 2017

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